

Economic Webinar

December 7, 2011

This program begins at 2 PM Eastern (US)



Agenda

- ➤ Economic outlook for 2012
- Media & print in Presidential elections
- Outlook for US and Canada commercial printing markets 2012-2017
- Hot topics for Winter reading



Real GDP Slowing Down on Year/Year Basis





November's unemployment report good on the surface, not so good on the inside

	Dec. 07	June '09	vs. 12/07	Nov. '11	vs. 12/07	vs.6/09
Employed (millions)	146.27	139.79	-6.48	140.58	-5.69	0.79
Labor force (millions)	153.94	154.75	0.81	154.2	0.26	-0.55
Unemployment rate	5.0%	9.5%		8.6%		
Labor participation rate	66.0%	65.7%		64.0%		

- > But...
 - ➤ Household survey up for four months
 - > +321,000 per month
 - Since January +125,000 per month
- Contradictory economic data usually sign of a turning point, often a bottom in a data series



Macro Snapshot: April vs. December

Macroeconomic Snapshot (04/15/11)	Year/ Year	Last 6 mo., annual rate	Last 3 mo., annual rate
Real GDP (Q4-10) Final 3/25/11 report	2.8%	2.8%	3.1%
Productivity* (Q4-10) 3/3/11 revised report	3.6%	3.9%	4.0%
Real earnings (3/11)	-0.4%	-2.5%	-4.4%
CPI (3/11)	2.7%	4.6%	7.8%
PPI (3/11) Finished Goods	5.8%	10.4%	14.0%

^{*}Total output, nonfarm business

Macroeconomic Snapshot (12/1/11)	Year/ Year	Last 6 mo., annual rate	Last 3 mo., annual rate
Real GDP (Q3-11) 11/22/2011 prelim. report	1.5%	1.7%	2.0%
Productivity* (Q3-11) 11/30/11 report	2.4%	2.5%	3.1%
Real earnings (10/11)	-1.7%	-0.4%	-1.2%
CPI (10/11)	3.5%	1.3%	0.9%
PPI (10/11) Finished Goods	5.9%	0.5%	-1.0%

^{*}Total output, nonfarm business



Still having trouble getting all six recovery indicators to be positive

Dr. Joe's Key Recovery Indicators as of 04/05/2011	NASDAQ Composite	ISM Non-Mfg New Orders	ISM Non-Mfg Imports	ISM Mfg New Orders	ISM Mfg Imports	Proprietors' income (\$billions)
Recession Start 12/2007	2661.0	52.3	50.5	47.4	48.0	\$1,073.8
Prior Reading	2748.1	64.4	53.5	68.0	55.0	\$1,059.5
Latest Data	2789.2	64.1	50.0	63.3	56.5	\$1,080.2
Change Since Prior Reading	1.5%	-0.5%	-6.5%	-6.9%	2.7%	2.0%
Change Since Recession Start	4.8%	22.6%	-1.0%	33.5%	17.7%	0.6%
Data release used	4/4 close	4/5	4/5	4/1	4/1	Q4 Final

NOTE: NASDAQ and Proprietors' Income are not inflation-adjusted; to be at December 2007 equivalents in today's dollars, the NASDAQ must be approximately 2777; Proprietors Income must be approximately \$1,136.5

Dr. Joe's Key Recovery Indicators as of 12/05/2011	NASDAQ Composite	ISM Non-Mfg New Orders	ISM Non-Mfg Imports	ISM Mfg New Orders	ISM Mfg Imports	Proprietors' income (\$billions)
Recession Start 12/2007	2661.0	52.3	50.5	47.4	48.0	\$1,089.1
Prior Reading	2640.0	52.4	48.0	52.4	49.5	\$1,106.5
Latest Data	2655.8	53.0	48.5	56.7	49.0	\$1,115.0
Change Since Prior Reading	0.6%	1.1%	1.0%	8.2%	-1.0%	0.8%
Change Since Recession Start	-0.2%	1.3%	-4.0%	19.6%	2.1%	2.4%
Data release used	12/5	12/1	12/1	12/5	12/5	Q3 Prelim

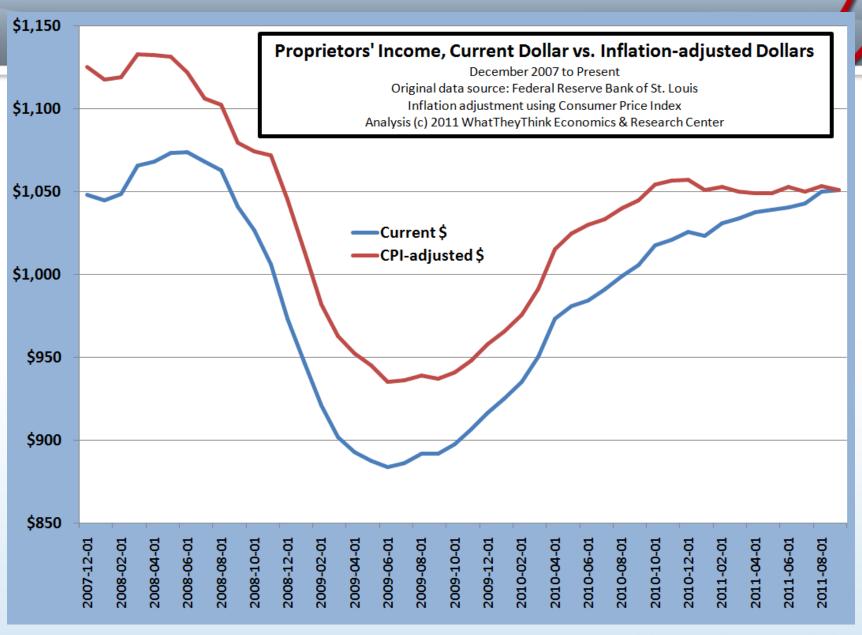
NOTE: NASDAQ and Proprietors' Income in the table are not inflation-adjusted.

To be at December 2007 equivalents in today's dollars, the NASDAQ

must be approximately 2875; it is now -8.2% below that level.

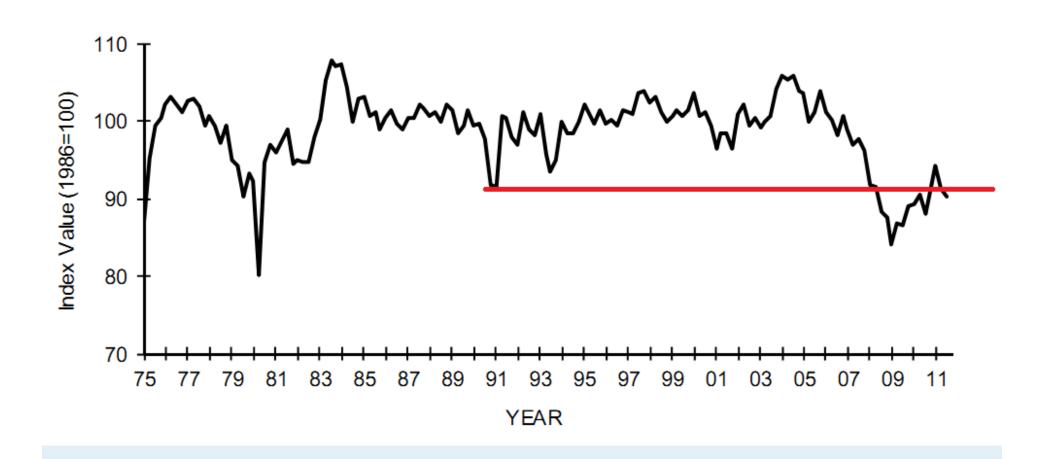
Proprietors Income must be approximately \$1,174B, so it is -5% below Q4-07 level.





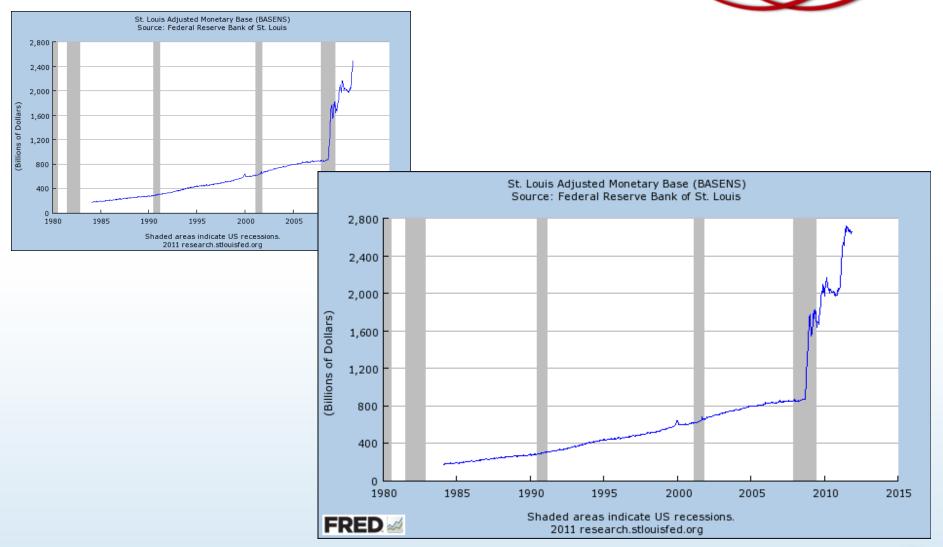


NFIB Small Business Optimism Index



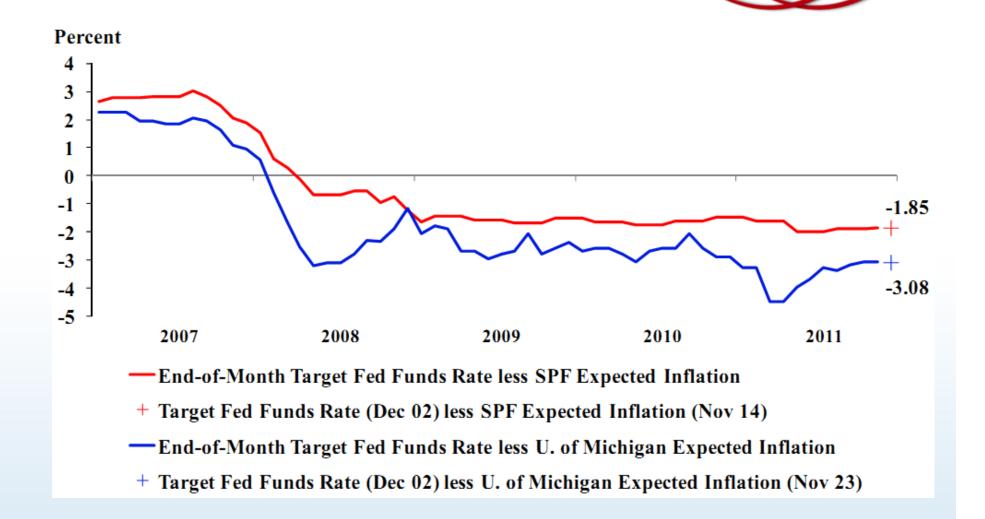


Fed still pushing up the monetary base



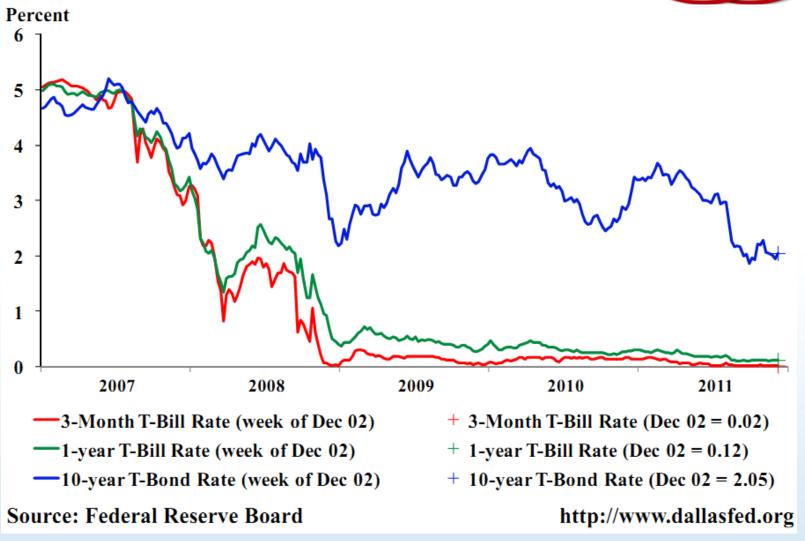


Fed continues to lend money at below-inflation rates



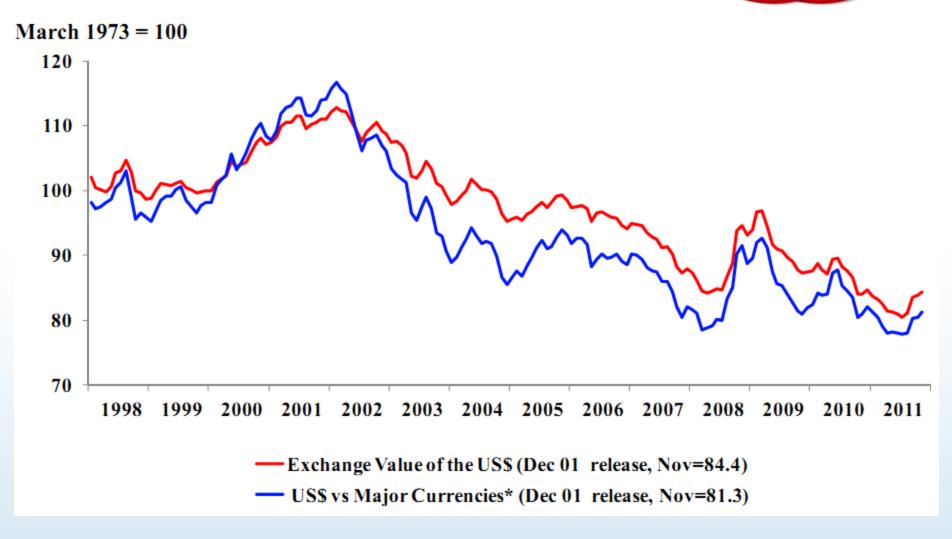


Yield curve is not a good predictor when Fed keeps short end artificially low



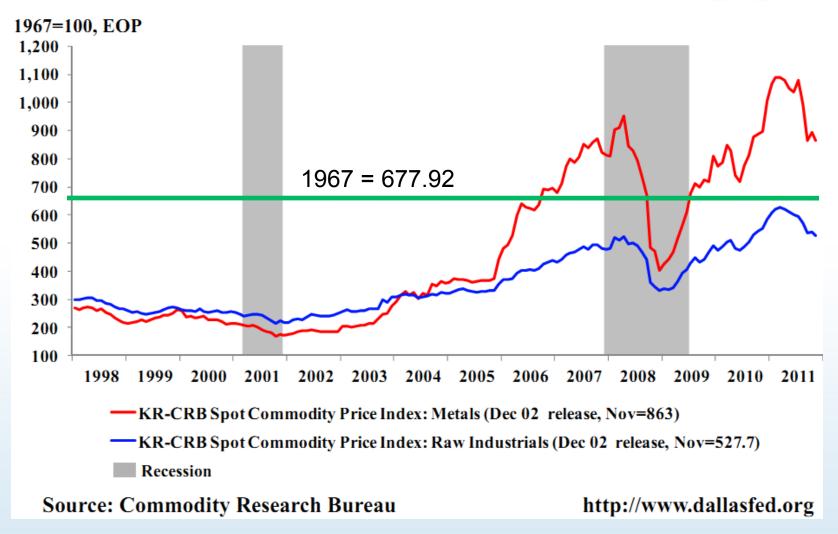


US Dollar is still in long-term decline





Industrial metals and materials above or near all-time inflation-adjusted highs





Bottom Line Forecasts

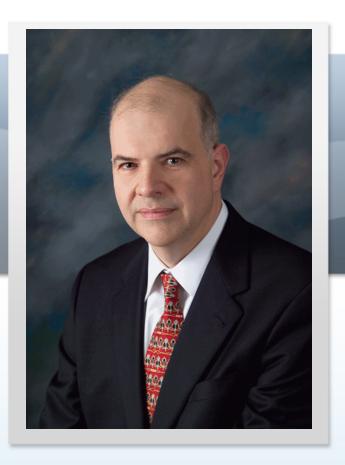
APRIL 2011

- GDP will still be sluggish, averaging +2.25-2.75%, or less
- Unemployment rate will continue to improve, down to 7.5-8.0% by the end of the year, for all the wrong reasons
- Value of the dollar will continue to erode, as planned
- Risk of commodities collapse, second recession "dip" are rising, so be cautious
- The PPI CPI disparity will end badly (price collapse) or CPI will start to rise to catch up
- Fed may have a gradual "QE3" with little fanfare
- Political attention will shift to 2012 presidential election by the end of the summer; little of substance is likely to be accomplished

DECEMBER 2011

- GDP still sluggish, +1.75-2.5%; small business still a problem area
- 2012 unemployment rate improves, down to 7.5-7.8%, for all the wrong reasons, by election time
- Value of the dollar will continue to erode, as planned, competitive devaluation continues
- Commodities collapse more likely, second recession "dip" risk still high, be cautious
- CPI "moderating" but prices are too high when real wages keep falling
- Fed will have a real "QE3" but will not make a big deal of it; some of it is already underway
- Political attention is now on 2012 presidential election; little of substance is likely to be accomplished in the meantime

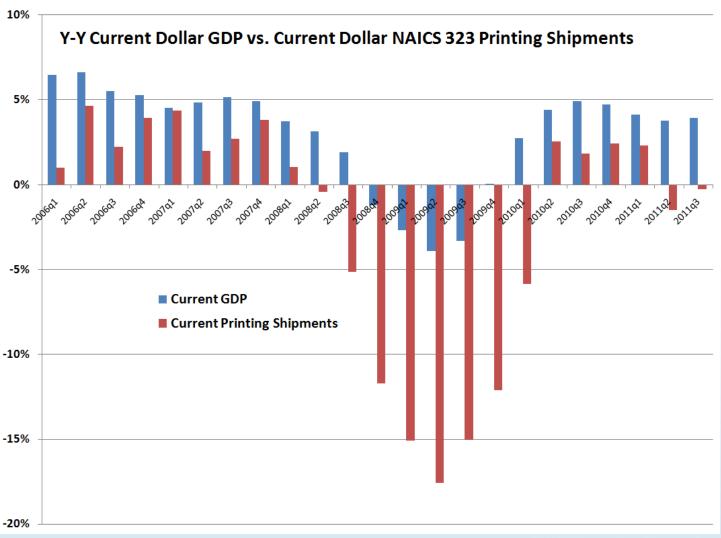




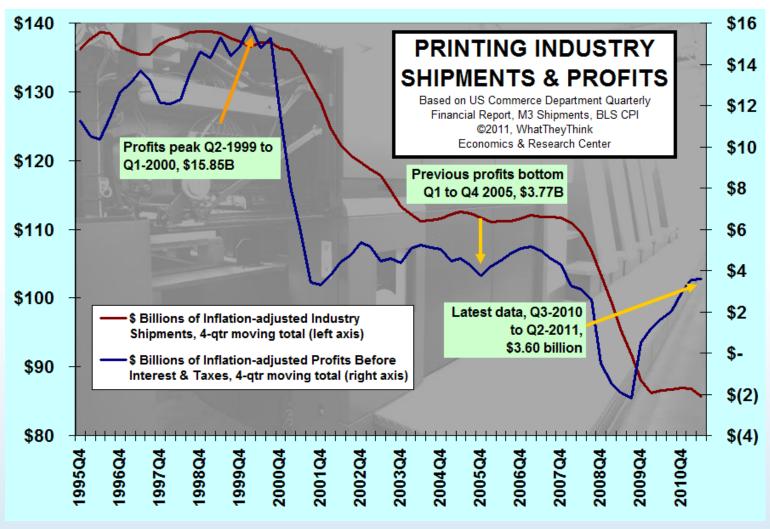
US Commercial Printing Trends



Current dollar GDP & printing shipments

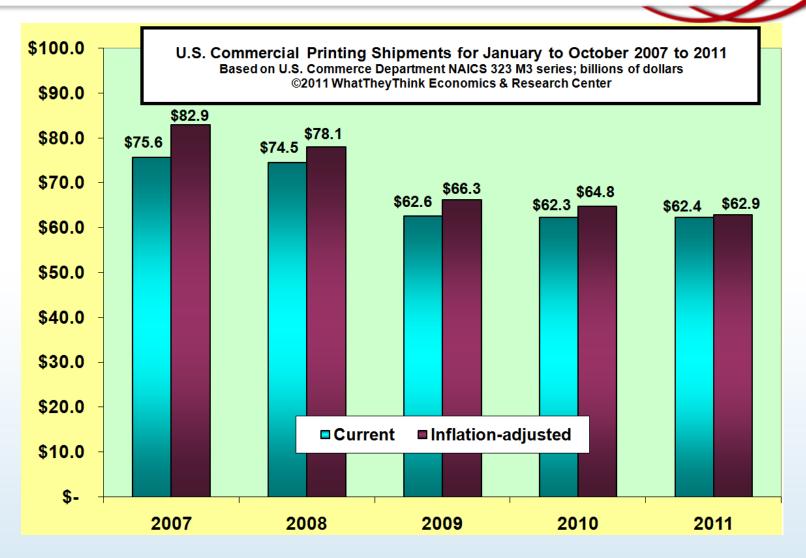


Profits show the result of consolidation and the exit of weak companies





October shipments were disappointing

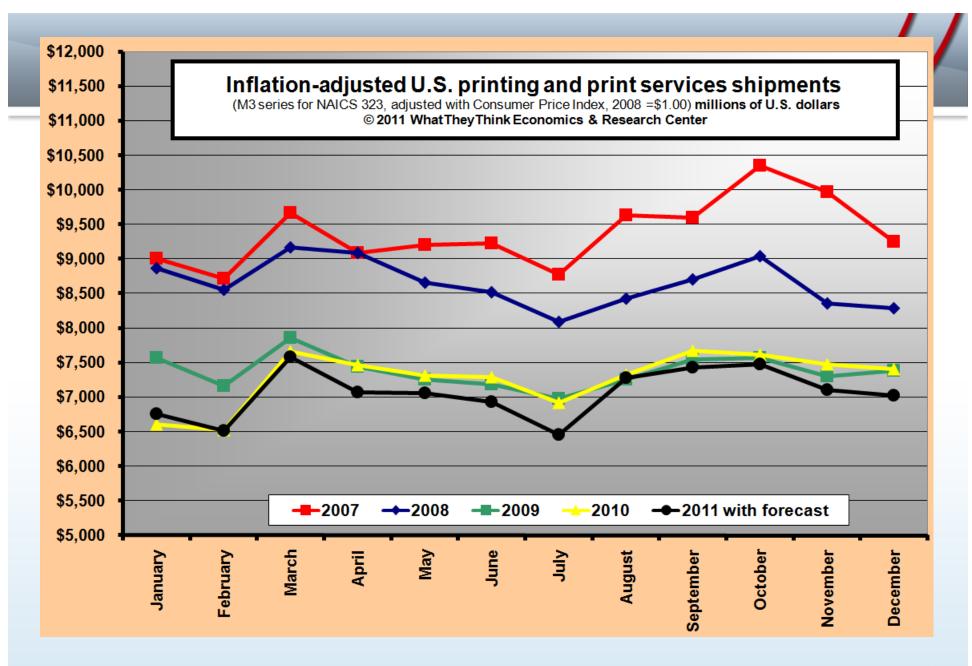




Printing & publishing employment declining, but advertising & design rising since end '10

Employment in thousands of workers	Oct. 2010	Oct. 2011	Y/Y Change	Nov. 2010	Nov. 2011	Y/Y Change
Printing, all	481.3	461.6	-4.1%	480.9	458.4	-4.7%
Printing, production	335.3	317.7	-5.2%	336.1	313.8	-6.6%
Printing less production	146.0	143.9	-1.4%	144.8	144.6	-0.1%
Publishing	758.9	754.5	-0.6%	757.2	750.5	-0.9%
Periodicals	115.4	115.6	0.2%	115.1		
Newspapers	251.0	239.0	-4.8%	250.7		
Publishing, ex-newspaper	507.9	515.5	1.5%	506.5		
Graphic design	62.2	62.0	-0.3%	61.3		
Ad agencies	412.0	433.4	5.2%	410.9		
Agency + design	474.2	495.4	4.5%	472.2		
Direct mail advertising	49.7	49.6	-0.2%	50.1		



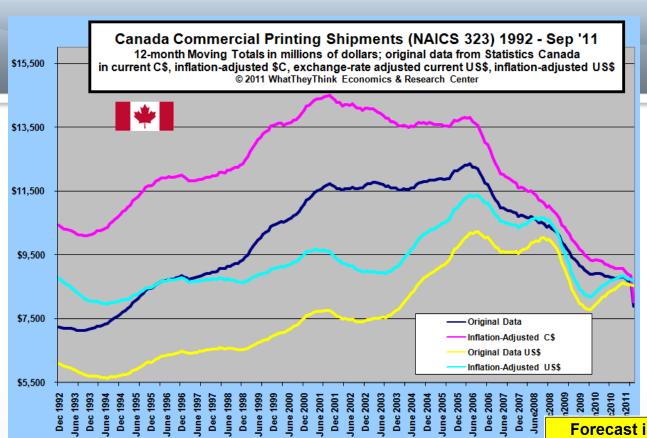




US Commercial Printing to 2017 in 2011 Dollars

Note: 2010	FORECASTS	AL MODELS	WTT ERC	
shipments were \$86.7B	Conservative	Aggressive	GDP (+2.5%)	Qualitative Forecast REVISED 8/2011
2011	\$84.9	\$82.5	\$99.1	\$85.0
2012	\$81.8	\$72.9	\$96.5	\$81.0
2013	\$78.5	\$65.0	\$93.9	\$76.0
2014	\$75.4	\$56.5	\$91.2	\$70.0
2015	\$72.3	\$47.6	\$88.4	\$64.0
2016	\$69.4	\$38.2	\$85.6	\$57.0
2017	\$66.6	\$28.3	\$82.8	\$52.0



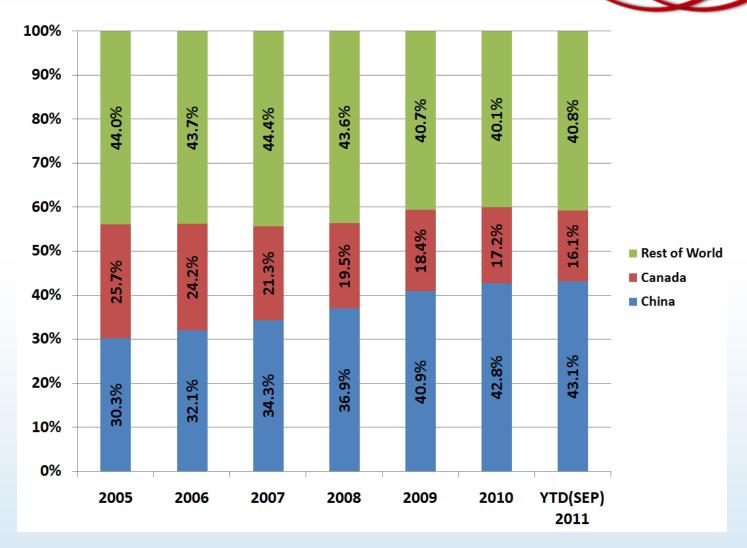




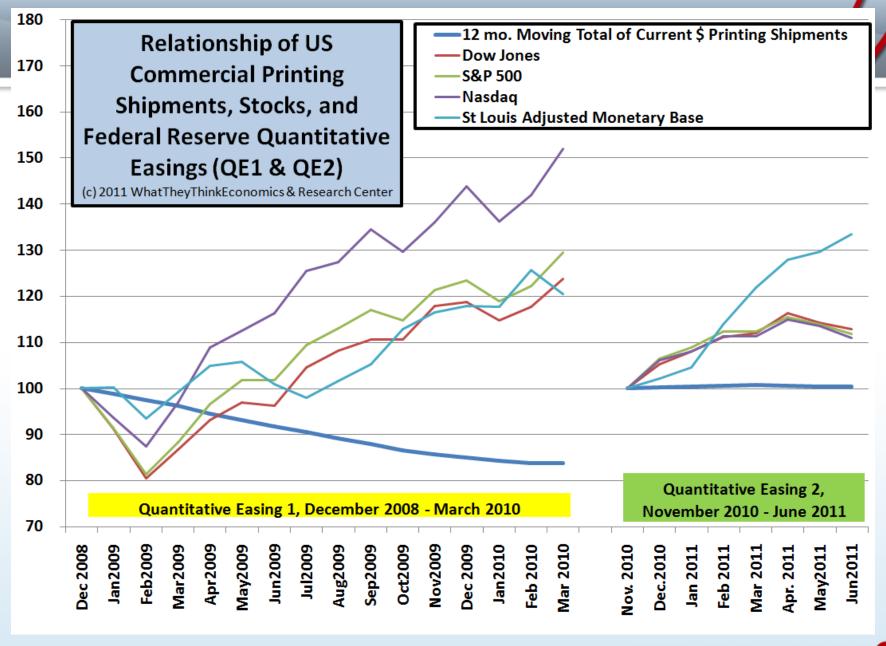
			•
Forecast Model	Conservative	Aggressive	Mean
2011	\$8.5	\$8.4	\$8.5
2012	\$8.0	\$7.2	\$7.6
2013	\$7.7	\$5.9	\$6.8
2014	\$7.5	\$4.6	\$6.1
2015	\$7.2	\$3.1	\$5.2
2016	\$7.0	\$1.5	\$4.3
2017	\$6.8	\$0.1	\$3.5



Printing imports have been stable for many years, but Canada's share down









Is Printing Affected by the Fed or the Stock Market?

Time Period	Statistic	Dow Jones Industrial Average	S&P 500	NASDAQ	St Louis Adjusted Monetary Base	Overall Relationship
ALL DATA	r-squared	18.9%	30.5%	17.4%	22.2%	weak for all
(12/93-9/11)	slope	1.1	12.5	3.7	-5.6	stocks positive, <i>SLAMB negative</i>
QE1	r-squared	80.5%	84.9%	92.4%	71.6%	strong for all
(12/08-3/10)	slope	-4.4	-39.9	-17.1	-28.2	negative
QE2	r-squared	59.4%	68.9%	64.8%	28.5%	relatively strong for stocks, weak for SLAMB
(11/10-6/11)	slope	0.3	2.7	1.3	0.4	very slightly positive; stocks less than history





Presidential Elections, the Media, and Print



Presidential Elections and Technology

> 1996: Websites, online ads, e-mails

> 2000: Web sites, e-commerce

2004: E-marketing, blogs

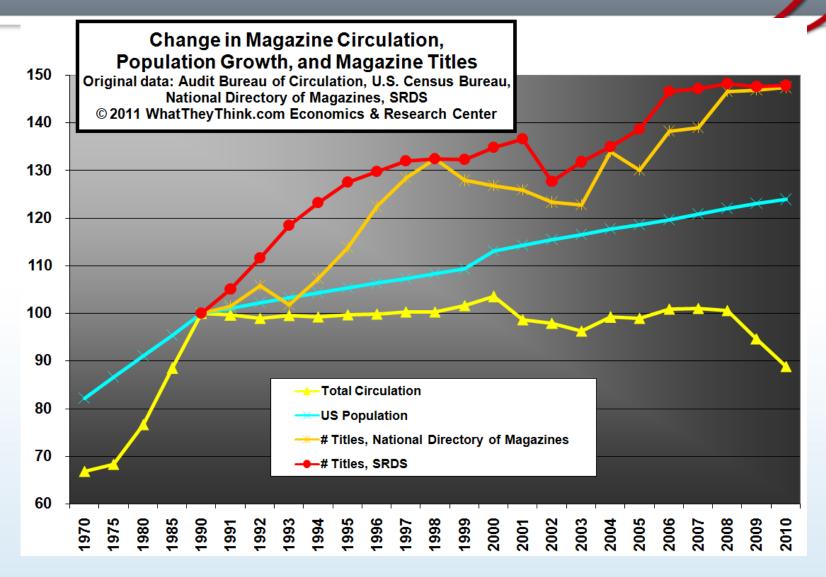
2008: Social media (Facebook, MySpace, Twitter)

2012: Mobile media

	US Internet Users	Change	% of Adults with Broadband at Home	Approx. # of Users with Broadband	Change from Prior Election
2000	124,000,000		3%	3,720,000	
2004	201,661,159	62.6%	23%	46,382,067	1146.8%
2008	220,141,969	9.2%	59%	129,883,762	180.0%
2010	239,893,600	9.0%	66%	158,329,776	21.9%



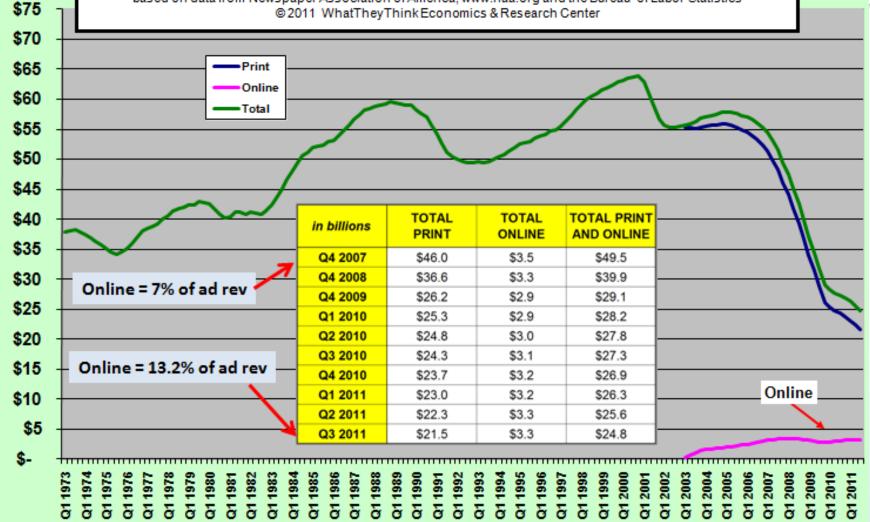
Magazines still in painful restructuring





Newspaper Industry Woes Not Being Cured by Online Revenues

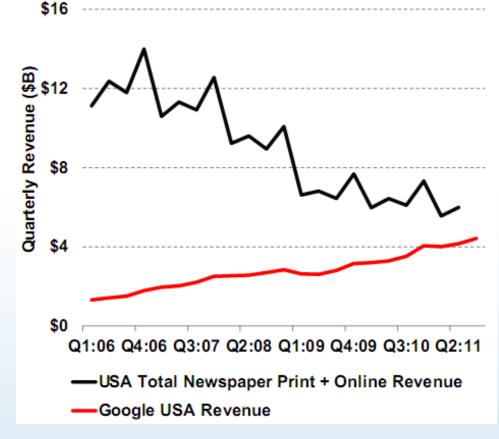
Inflation-adjusted ad dollars, annualized as 4-quarter moving totals based on data from Newspaper Association of America, www.naa.org and the Bureau of Labor Statistics © 2011 WhatTheyThink Economics & Research Center





Google vs. the US newspaper industry

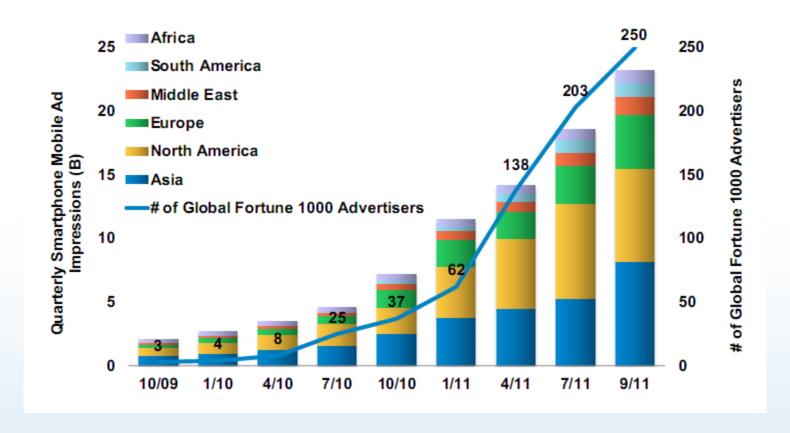




From Mary Meeker presentation – link is in "Winter Reading"



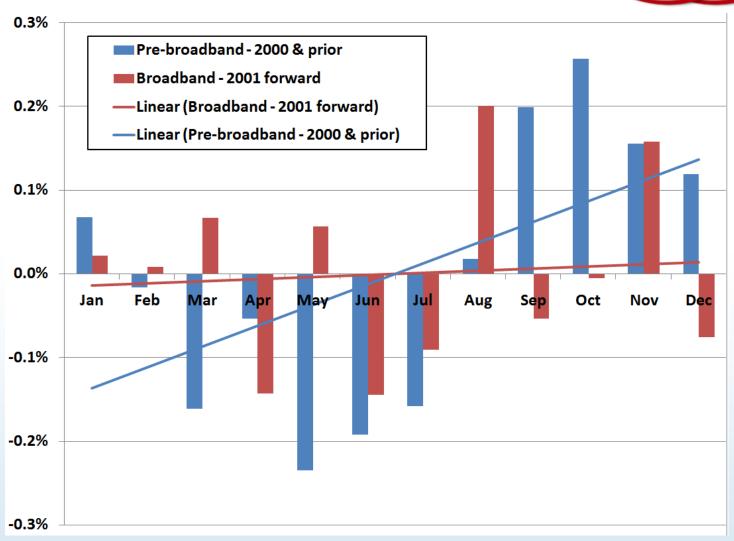
of Smartphone Ad Impressions



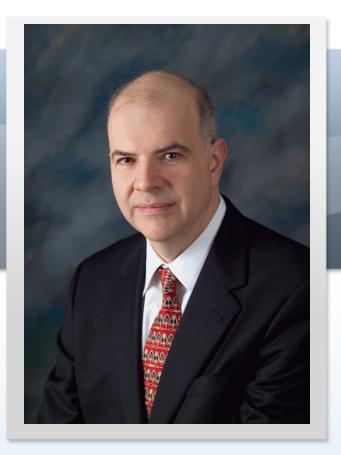
From Mary Meeker presentation – link is in "Winter Reading"



In broadband era, Presidential elections have virtually no effect on print volume







Hot Topics for Winter Reading



- Mary Meeker's annual Internet Trends Report (<u>Scribd</u>). Meeker is formerly with Morgan Stanley, now with Kleiner Perkins.
- Video from Web 2.0 Summit 2011 has discussion by Joanne Bradford. She discusses the changing value and place of content creation, and why content's value has changed
- New media metrics/ROI still hard to evaluate (<u>eMarketer</u>)
- Hi-tech company trying to <u>abolish internal e-mails</u> because they waste time
 WhatTheyThin

- Why NY Fed failed to forecast the recession (NY Times)
- ➤ Future recession risk analysis by

 San Francisco Fed; excellent article where they explain how Leading Indicators are being distorted by current monetary data used in the models
- ➤ How to lie with Financial Statistics (Investopedia)
- WSJ reports on World Bank study about the ease or difficulty of paying taxes. US is #69 of 183 nations.

WhatTheyTh

- World Bank report "Doing Business" is a comparative analysis of business practices and regulations around the world. Top countries were Singapore, Hong Kong, New Zealand, USA, Denmark
- Canada's Fraser Institute analyzes "Economic Freedom of North America" in <u>free book</u>.
- Bloomberg article about how keeping IBM in the Dow during the Great Depression would have changed the way stock market history for that time



- Lulu.com founder explains how they will battle Amazon (<u>Bloomberg</u>)
- Penguin Books gets into the self-publishing business (WSJ)
- Libraries lending out e-book readers (WTT)
- Role of Internet, social media, newspapers in how residents learn about their local communities (<u>Pew Internet</u>)
- WSJ: Magazine Rebound Falls Flat



- Long blog piece in <u>Barry Ritholz' Big Picture</u> by John Mauldin where he cites a piece by Grant Williams that discusses US, European monetary policy and numerous other topics. Well worth the time to read.
- ➤ PIAG chairman says *Disrupting the Future* played a role in turning his business around (<u>WTT</u>)
- Printing industry profits data (<u>Google spreadsheet</u>)
- Printing shipments data, US & Canada, and forecasts (Google spreadsheet)



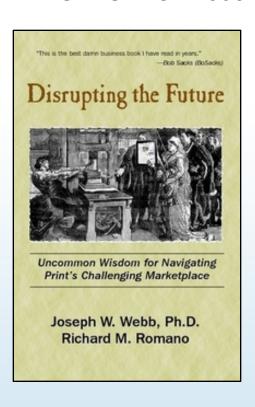
Winter Reading List (and Listening, Too!)

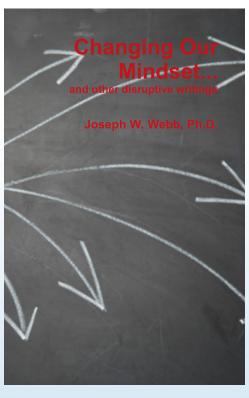
- Recently, a PIA newsletter discussed forecasting and inflation adjustment and discussed their preference for a different method than WhatTheyThink uses. Dr. Joe's approach was explained in two columns that appeared on May 20, 2005 and April 14, 2008.
- ➤ Dr. Joe has prepared a slide presentation and a podcast that explains the issues involved and the implications for planning, forecasting, and managing, free for viewing or downloading at Slideshare. It's almost 42 minutes long, and might be patented as the next insomnia cure. But if you're into this data stuff, take a listen.

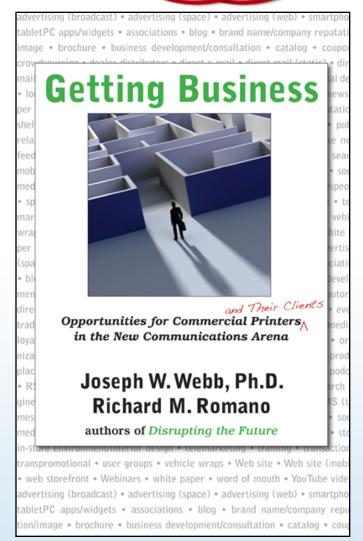


Books by Dr. Joe & Richard Romano

- Order at <u>special Lulu.com store</u>
- Discount expires today 12/7: buy two books get one free; use promo code BUY2GFTONF305









Upcoming Dr. Joe Sightings

- Online. Wednesday, December 14, 2011: TLMI economic webinar; contact <u>organization</u> for details
- Online. Wednesday, January 11, 2012: Print Services & Distribution Association (PSDA) member exclusive webinar, 1pm Eastern time; topic details being finalized; register now.
- Naples, FL, January 18, 2012: Paper Distribution Council Annual Meeting, January 17-19, 2012, details forthcoming; click <u>here</u> for organization website.
- New Orleans, LA, January 18, 2012: Kodak Graphic Users Association, January 16-20; <u>details at their website</u>
- Phoenix, AZ, March 6, Print Services & Distribution Association (PSDA) CEO Summit, March 5-7, 2012: register online. Dr. Webb's keynote address is Directions to the Future: A Contrarian View of the Economy, Technology, and Our Business.

